Dr Darby Read. may 28 Answ. Apr. 5th

New Albany March 15th 1836

Dr Sir

TORREY BOTANICAL HERBARIUM COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

On my return home last spring my time was so much occupied in commencing the drug and apothecary business in addition to my practice, that I had no time to devote to botanical pursuits till the middle of summer. But from this time to the end of the season I made an addition to my catalogue of 187 species, besides a few that I have not yet determined & perhaps some of them are new species. Of them (the enumerated species) about 40 are grapes and a few Cyperaceae. — I have found the study of the grapes much more interesting than I anticipated, though in some cases I have experienced considerable difficulty from the want of specimens for comparison, and shall endeavor to remedy this inconvenience by procuring Dr Gray's specimens of the grapes &c on my next visit to New York.

Mr Griswold informed me that he & Dr Short had sent specimens of the same species to you & Dr Gray that had at one time been named the Aspart. latericflor. and Styracoides the Polyspegan racemosa, and he pronounced what I had called the Agpar. latericf. to be the Polyspeg. racem. — On a reexamination I was confirmed in my first opinion especially as it differed widely from the generic character of Polyspeg. I also suggested to Mr G. that they had probably been led into an error by the similarity of habit of the A. Lat. & the Pol. rac. & was shortly after confirmed in my opinion, on examining a specimen from Cincinnati that had the characters of Polyspeg. racem. though its general appearance was precisely that of the Ag. lat. which is very abundant in this place — Dr Short on his visit to this place, pronounced what I had called the Cin. arundin. (which he admitted was its common name) to be the

Muhlenbergia sinuosa. All my specimens agree with Muhlenberg's description of Gin. sinuosa, and certainly do not agree with the Genuine Character of Muhlenbergia — Muhlenbergia dispersa is also in the same predicament, said now to be a Vilfa — If you will enlighten me on this subject you will confer a particular favor

You will probably recollect that the Hedeoma teretifolia was in my list of plants. That was a mistake owing to a blunder of mine in mistaking the Euonymus atropurpurea with immaculate Juncus for the Hedeoma

I made two trips of 3 days each to the Barrens last July, from 15 to 20 miles from this place. They are a kind of prairie destitute of trees and covered with shrubs or grass; the former are called bushy & the latter grassy barrens. They are more hilly or undulating & not so fertile as what are generally called prairies They are by far the finest field for a botanist that I ever beheld. A much greater number of species are found in the same space than I have observed in any other place. It is indeed like a botanic garden but much more interesting. My visits to the barrens were on the 1st & 2 September, and I found many species that I have not seen in this neighbourhood. — On my first trip the gaudy & brilliant Gerardia purpurea was in full bloom, and extended throughout the whole of the barrens, but I saw it in no other place, not even around cultivated fields. —

The specimens that I now have on the greater part of them badly preserved owing to many of them being kept for several days in a vasculum or absorbing in water till I could get time to determine the species, before they were put into the press; consequently I can send you no specimens worth your acceptance till next fall when I shall probably visit your city — This year will not probably be unkind to afford certain species and consequently I shall have more for collecting and

preserving specimens — ~~I have~~ I have 4 or 5 undetermined species of Aster about as many of Solidago one Helianthus & 2 specimens (all that I have seen) of a perfectly white Liatris — The Liatris resembles what I have called the L. Spheroidea — also ~~is~~ is undetermined

I was somewhat disappointed on the receipt of Dr Short's supplementary catalogue of the plants of this vicinity to find upwards of 30 species from my catalogue (or 10 of which I know (on the authority of Mr Griswold) have not been found in Kentucky & perhaps many more. Sometime last season Mr Griswold advanced the opinion that there would be no impropriety in including the plants on this side of the river in (Dr Short's) catalogue, at the same time observing that although some of them had not been found in Kentucky they probably would be, and at the same time advised me to add the plants in the vicinity of Louisville to my catalogue. I declined doing so, and observed that such a course would destroy the authority of both ancient localities. The conversation terminated in somewhat warmth on both sides. — The greater part of the plants were determined by myself before Mr Griswold came to Louisville and pointed out by me to him. Many of them are found in places where the soil is very different from any in the adjoining part of Kentucky.

Since the receipt of Dr Short's supplementary catalogue Mr Griswold informs me that he sent a note to him Dr Short requesting him to designate those species that had been found only in this state. — I have just written to Dr Short on the subject & shall endeavour to know more about it —

How long before you publish your communication? I am very desirous of obtaining it. — Please to give my respects to Mrs Torrey and Dr Gray

Sincerely & Respectfully Yours A. Clapp

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

95

Prof. L. Torrey M. D.

City of New York

Mail 3

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

L. Torrey M.D. New Albany Oct. 1st 1838

Ard Dear Sir

Sir

Your esteemed favor of the 16th Ult. was rec'd some days since and would have been answered immediately had not unexpected avocations prevented. I assure you that it gave me much pleasure to hear that your Flora of N. Am. was in the progress of publication. You will please to send 2 copies of each part by mail as fast as published, one for myself & the other for my friend Wm. Wm Jones of Portland Ky. both to be directed to this place. — enclosed are ten dollars.

Since my return my leisure hours have been mainly devoted to botany, a little geology and a small spark of conchology. That is collecting a few of our river univalves.

I have now 910 determined sp. of plants collected within 20 miles of this place on this side of the Ohio. Also about 20 undetermined sp. half of which I believe to be new. Among them a cyperaceous plant of which specimens are enclosed with the seeds. I have found it only in one locality growing in the crevices of perpendicular cliffs of limestone Sept. 13-37. It appears to be monoicous the staminate spike empty

[Carex pauperculoides Michx.]

and the seeds of the first. Strike apparently mature projecting beyond the scales. — I have one other very singular plant (to me) of which I cannot determine even the Nat. Ord. to which it belongs. Root perpendicular subrose radicles verticillate Stem 12 to 24 in. high, striate, pith large — Los. opp, lanceolate very entire veinless 2½ to 3½ in. long — acid to the taste. — Axils bulbiferous, bulbs or buds, red 1/8 to 1/4 of an inch in length, easily detached Not a vestige of pls. or fruit. — Found Sept. 15-38 in a shady marshy place fed by cold springs, Can you tell me what it is?

I have nothing of value to contribute to the Leguminosae. The following plants are found in this vicinity which are not contained in Riddell's Syn. of western plants = Lespedeza sepiloy. & Buttatii Darl. Desmod. bracteos. & ciliare Lathyrus palustris & Galactia pilosa. The ~~and~~ Galactia very rare, in one place only on the barrens. — Vicia Caroliniana latifolia I have found in two localities, one near this place and the other on the barrens

Will you send me a description and the name of the Carex you had from me. I have collected a few more specimens from another locality. It much resembles some forms of the vulpinoidea (Mich. M.) but flowers later

Please to accept my thanks for Mr Broom's Catalogue. To Dr Gray I am much obliged for his Monog. of the Ann. Melon Thomas and his remarks on the Conto of Phyllacae

After I left N. York I spent a week very agreeably in Philad and the May following was (unexpectedly to me) elected a Correspondent of the Acad. of Nat. Sci.

Please to excuse this tedious letter — My respects to Dr Gray and believe me sincerely your most obed Servt.

A. Clapp

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

SHELBYVILLE
OCT
2
Ind.

50

John Lowey M. D.

City of New York

Comm of Wm Dougal & Prince

Dr. Torrey M.D. New Albany April 23d 1839

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Sir

and may 27 Yours of Jan. 4th was duly rec'd. For your kindness in attending to my request to purchase the lens's &c accept of my warmest thanks.

I have put up a few plants that will be handed to you by the Rev. E. R. Beadle, to whom I have taken the liberty of giving a letter of introduction to you. Mr Beadle is a gentleman of high intellectual culture, an eloquent & able minister of the gospel, of the most elevated and unaffected piety, and is held in the highest estimation by all his friends and acquaintance. He does not expect to be in New York till the 5th of May and will leave Boston about the middle of the month on a mission to Beirout via Smyrna. Since putting up the plants I have ascertained that the Arbovigatus? Ell. is probably the Larvis L. — You will probably find several errors in the names of the plants, as I have not had the opportunity of examining authentic specimens. Please to correct my errors and favor me with what they are, and if there are any new species describe them. —— Has Dr Riddell of New Orleans sent you any of his new plants. I rec'd a package

you Sim last winter among which are two new genera Ridolelia Raff. & Eberlia Nickl.

Geological studies & researches have for some years been interesting to me. Before 2 paid any attention to botany 2 had collected a few fossils and have since made some additions to my collection. Last winter Wm Beadle gave me the geological reports of the state of New York for 1837 & 8 by which 2 find (what 2 before suspected) that some of your formations are the equivalents of ours. The limestone of the falls of the Ohio and eastward is of the same geological age by the petrifactions especially Cyathophylla Calamopora &c of Goldfuss. Some of our fossil Zoophites are not found in Goldfuss. —

2 am very anxious to obtain your geological reports for last winter. Where can they be obtained? 2 cannot ascertain that any of the reports have been offered for sale by the booksellers

The errors in the article on Am. botany in Morse's geography are in respect to the geographical range of a few species, as you will perceive on

a slight examination

I shall write to Mr Brooks a merchant who will be in N. York 2 or 3 weeks hence of our City, to call & take the two micrometers &c should you have rec'd them.

Please to excuse the appearance of this ~~sheet~~ letter, as I am preparing to set out on a trip to the barrens to collect some of the early flowering plants of that interesting locality

Believe me sincerely your much obliged & most humble servt

A. Gray

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

PAID

3/6

John Gurney M.D.

New York

Care of Prime & McDougal

Dr Torrey

New Albany July 8th 1839

Recd. July 15th

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

Sir

Your very interesting letter of the 27th May was duly rcd. I am very glad to hear that some of the plants were acceptable. The Prenanthes crepidina is a rare plant here, but I will endeavor to send you some more & better specimens. The Sedum telephioides is abundant in one locality about 13 miles from this place, and I shall collect more specimens of it when in flower. — With respect to the Viola cucullata of Aug. 2nd I have either lost the the label or sent you the original without taking a copy. Will you send me a copy of the label.

I am not mistaken as to the Lonchus floribus with yellow fls. — In one locality where the plant is abundant I have examined many when the fls. were expanded they do not appear to differ from those with blue fls. except in the color of the florets which is a pale and more dull yellow than that of the Lactuca elongata. I am however well aware that yellow & blue flowers are extremely rare in the same species.

The Smilax I think is distinct from the caduca.

I have from 7 to 9 species of this difficult genus. It is rare to find specimens in flower or fruit.

12 or 13 days ago I sent by Mr. Thurston a small package of plants, among which are some that I have not been able to determine. The species of Lactuca. Hawk weeds are some trouble, and the genus seems to require revision very much.

I have now about 920 determined species of flowering and filicoid plants collected within 20 miles of N. Albany. The region explored is 33 miles in length and about 20 in breadth. But I am very far from being well acquainted with all the plants (belonging to about half of the Nat. Orders of the whole world) and some of my determinations may not be correct, though I think I have the above number of species exclusive of varieties that have been considered as species by some botanists.

How far has Dr. Lichen's Gen. Plant. progressed and when will it be completed?

I do not find the Raphanus raphanistrum in your Flora N. A. Is it not a naturalized plant? [It is described.

Please to write as soon as convenient as I am very anxious to have your opinion on the plants &c.

Sincerely, your much obliged and most obedt. servant

A. Chapman

TORREY CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

Dear.

New Albany Oct. 12th 1840

Sir

This is the third letter (besides one sent by a private hand) that I have written without receiving an answer, and I should not presume to trouble you with another did I not think they may have miscarried, or have been forgotten in intense application to your very interesting & engroping pursuits.

Mr Jones as well as myself is very anxious to obtain the last 2 vols of your excellent Flora, for which ten dolls. was advanced two years since. I am well aware how valuable and how much occupied your time must be, and should not intrude upon it, but it being a matter of business I cannot allow myself to believe there is any intentional neglect.

Did Dr Gray obtain the Lens &c in Europe?

Very Respectfully yours A. Clapp

J. Torrey M.D.

BOTANICAL CORRESPONDENCE
HERBARIUM
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

55

New Albany Nov. 10th 1840

LIBRARY
NEW YORK
BOTANICAL
GARDEN.

Dr Sir

Yours of 24th Oct. was rec'd a few days since, which very much cheered my droop-ing spirits for I began to fear that you had entirely forgotten my humble self, and deem-menced an examination of my own conscience in relation to correspondents which proved any-thing but satisfactory, and firmly resolved to that you have and feel amply repaid if I can get one letter in return for twenty.

It gives me much pleasure to hear that your excellent Flora is progressing, and I will find the first opportunity some of our asters sali-cifolia &c. I have not botanized much this year and do not expect to find many more sp. in this vicinity. The collection and determina-tion of our pupils especially the Polygonia (for which my location is peculiarly favorable) and the study of the Guarani Language has occupied my leisure hours the year past. But do not im-agine that I shall remain ignorant to the study of Botany — It is the most delightful of pursuits but I cannot make a satisfactory catalogue until

from the D. S. Boothe Collection
Given by A. M. VAIL.

your Flora is completed.

I read with much interest and profit Dr Gray's able communications in the July No of Silli. Jour. as well as some previous ones and ardently hope they will be continued. — The papilionaceous & complete Chevalier wished for a Specimen that I must forego for a while, as my auctary for works on fossils &c are out and will be heavy for these hard times.

The loss of $\frac{1}{4}$ 8th inch pores is the 32nd of an inch if I rightly comprehend it. — I have a doublet of $\frac{1}{20}$ inch pores which is nearly the same power as yours of $\frac{1}{2}$ line. Please to send me the $\frac{1}{4}$ 8th inch and one of as low a power as $\frac{1}{4}$ inch if convenient. A micrometer graduated to the 500th of an inch I think would be the most useful. If the above articles can be inclosed in a letter and sent by mail you will much oblige me by doing so. — Some of Ehrenberg's fossil Infusoria will be gladly accepted.

We (Mr Jones & Myself) have not yet received the last 2 Nos. of your Flora N. A. A small balance is probably due on them. Whatever it may be, on the Amt. due if any on the lowest is more than the $20 will be sent by mail immediately — My best respects to Dr Gray

Very Respectfully your most Obed't Servt A. Holcombe